

Séminaire

<mark>Vendredi</mark> 14 novembre 2025 à <mark>10h00</mark> Amphithéâtre Henri Benoît

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Nanocellulose Thin Films: A versatile platform for generating optical, conductive and electromechanical properties

Cellulose is an abundant, renewable and non-toxic polymer used in countless materials notably in the form of nanocrystals (CNC) or nanofibers (NFC). These nanoparticles exhibit good colloidal stability and acicular morphology, completed by self-assembly properties or interaction capacities with different polymers or other nanoparticles. In this presentation, elaboration of nanocellulose-based thin film displaying optical properties, electrical conductivity and piezoelectric and flexoelectric effects will be presented. The first type of thin film was produced by a layer-by-layer process generating structural colors. These films are sensitive to enzymatic hydrolysis, which leads to a change in color allowing easy and fast enzymatic activity detection. ¹⁻⁴ The second type of thin film presented consists of CNCs associated with carbon nanotubes (CNT). Cellulose nanocrystals can disperse CNT in water under the action of ultrasound, forming CNC-CNT complexes that were incorporated into multilayered films, which showed electrical conductivity. ⁵⁻⁷ The last category of films presented was made from chemically modified NFCs and cellulose fibers. We investigate the electromechanical coupling of films to separate the flexoelectric and piezoelectric contribution. ⁸

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- 4. Guyomard-Lack, A. et al. Eur. Phys. J. Spec. Top. 2012, 213 (1), 291-294.
- 5. Olivier, C. et al Journal of Renewable Materials **2018**, 6 (3), 237-241.
- 6. Olivier, C. et al *Langmuir* **2012**, *28* (34), 12463-12471.
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Les personnes souhaitant rencontrer B. Cathala sont priées de prendre contact Olivier Felix.







